

KING EDWARD TALKS WAR TO PARLIAMENT

Campaign Against the Boers, He Declares, Must Go On, and He Tells of Additional Drafts of Troops.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—King Edward in opening his first Parliament said: "My Lords and Gentlemen: I address you for the first time at a moment of national sorrow, when the whole country is mourning the irreparable loss we have so recently sustained, and which has fallen with peculiar severity on myself. My beloved mother during her long and glorious reign has set an example before the world of what a monarch should be. It is my earnest desire to walk in her footsteps."

Boers Must Be Conquered.

"Amid this public and private grief it is satisfactory to me to be able to assure you that my relations with the other powers continue friendly. "The war in South Africa is not yet entirely terminated, but the capitals of the enemy and his principal lines of communication are in my possession, and measures have been taken which will, I trust, enable my troops to deal effectually with the forces by which they are still opposed."

"I greatly regret the loss of life and expenditure of treasure due to the fruitless guerrilla warfare maintained by Boer partisans in the former territories of the two republics. Their early submission is much to be desired in their own interests, as until it takes place it will be impossible for me to establish in those colonies the institutions which will secure the equal rights of all the white inhabitants and protection and justice for the native population."

The Chinese Trouble.

"The capture of Peking by the allied forces and the happy release of those who were besieged in the legations—results to which my Indian troops and my naval forces largely contributed—have

KING EDWARD'S ROBES.

His crimson silk velvet, edged with rows of gold lace and powdered ermine. Lining of robe and cape ermine, composed of carefully selected skins adorned with a thousand spots of black fur. Long train fastened at the neck with a gold cord finished with bullion tassels. The sleeves, cuffs, and collar of similar materials, but of different design.

been followed by the admission of the Chinese Government to the demands insisted on by the powers. Negotiations are proceeding regarding the manner in which compliance with these demands is to be effected. "The establishment of the Australian Commonwealth, was proclaimed at Sydney, Jan. 1, with many manifestations of popular enthusiasm and rejoicing. My deeply believed and lamented mother had asserted to the effect of the Duke of Cornwall and York to open the first Parliament of the new Commonwealth in her name. A separation from my son, especially at such a moment, cannot be otherwise than deeply painful, but I will desire to give effect to her Majesty's wishes, and as evidence of her love, an act of my own, in all that concerns the welfare of my subjects beyond the seas. I have decided that the visit to Australia shall not be abandoned and shall be extended to New Zealand and the Dominion of Canada."

The prolongation of the hostilities in South Africa has led me to make a further call on the patriotism and devotion of Canada and Australasia. I rejoice that my request has met with a prompt and loyal response and large additions

to the contingents from those countries will embark for the seat of war at an early date.

The expedition organized for the suppression of the rebellion in Assam was crowned with signal success. The endurance and gallantry of my native troops, ably commanded by Sir James Willcocks and led by British officers, have overcome both the stubborn resistance of the most warlike tribes of West Africa and the exceptional difficulties of the climate and season of the country in which the operations were conducted.

War Funds.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The estimates for the year will be laid before you. Every care has been taken to limit their amount, but the naval and military requirements of the country, and especially the outlay consequent upon the South African war, has involved an inevitable increase."

Drinking Prohibition.

"The desirability of the Crown renders it necessary that renewed provision shall be made for the disposal of I place incidental revenues which were so placed by my predecessor, and I have commanded that the papers necessary for a full consideration of the subject shall be laid before you."

Improvement of Army.

"My Lords and Gentlemen: Proposals will be submitted to your judgment for increasing the efficiency of the military forces. "Certain changes in the Constitution of the Court of Final Appeal are rendered necessary in consequence of the increased resort to it which has resulted from the expansion of the Empire during the last two generations."



KING EDWARD VII.

"Legislation will be proposed to you for the amendment of the law relating to the prevention of drunkenness in licensed houses and public places, and for amending the law of literary copyright. "Legislation had been prepared, and, if the time at your disposal proves to be adequate, it will be laid before you, for the purpose of regulating the voluntary sale by landlords to occupying tenants in Ireland. "Also for amending and consolidating the Factory and Workshop laws, for the better administration of the law respecting penalties for amending the Public Health acts in regard to water supply

PARLIAMENT IS OPENED BY KING.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—King Edward VII.

Brilliant Scene in Parliament When the King Makes His Address, and All London Out to See Royal Pageant.

QUEEN VICTORIA IN PARLIAMENT.

First appearance as Queen, June 20, 1837. Second, July 17, to prorogue. Read her speech. Gladstone was then twenty-eight and Disraeli thirty-one years old. February, 1877, the Queen opened Parliament in person as a compliment to Disraeli, who had become Premier. She opened the new Parliament Jan. 21, 1886.

In his robes of state and with all the pomp and detail known to the British court, opened his first Parliament in person today. The throng on which the King stood as he read his speech to the Lords was the centre of a dazzling picture. At the King's right was Queen Alexandra in full state dress, beautiful, widely regal and entrancing. On his left was the Duke of Connaught.

Grouped on either side were the court officials, the Marquis of Londonderry, with the sword of state, being to the right, and the Lord Steward on the left, while the Duke of Devonshire, bearing the cap of maintenance, stood on the steps of the throne. Other officials were to the sides.

Facing the King was a brilliant assemblage, officials in uniforms that dazzled and ladies of the peerage crowned with magnificent jewels that glistened in the sombre mourning costumes they wore. As the King took his position, with manuscript in hand, everybody was standing, and remained so as he delivered his address. King Edward read his speech in a clear voice that reached everybody, and he gave proper emphasis to those por-

tions which it was evident he deemed most important.

After the speech the proceedings were necessarily prolonged and the King, with his retinue, retired to the robes-room.

London turned out in force to see the King drive to Parliament. The King and Queen rode from Buckingham Palace to the Palace of Westminster in the gilt stage coach which was built by George III, when he was Prince of Wales, 18 years ago.

The route of the royal party, which has through the Mall, the Horse Guards Parade, Whitehall, and Parliament streets, was guarded by 5,000 soldiers. Thousands of sightseers packed St. James's Park bordered the route of the procession and filled the windows, stands and roofs.

The procession speedily traversed the short route to an accompaniment of hoarse shouts, and reached the royal entrance to the Palace of Westminster, beneath the Victoria Tower, at the appointed time.

There the great officers of State and the others who were to take part in the ceremony had assembled and received the King and Queen, whose arrival was greeted with an uproar of cheers, the ringing of church bells and the firing of a royal salute in St. James's Park.

From the Robing-Room.—

The procession proceeded to the Robing-Room. The Duke of Devonshire, Lord President of the Council, carried the crown. The cap of maintenance was borne before King Edward on the right hand of the sword of state.

Lord Salisbury walked in the procession as Lord of the Privy Seal, as the office of Prime Minister is not yet, according to court etiquette, recognized.

King Edward's robes were of crimson silk velvet, edged with rows of gold lace and powdered ermine. The lace is a special design worn only by royalty. The robe is lined with er-

IN STATE COACH 140 YEARS OLD.

The coach in which King Edward VII. and Queen Alexandra rode to-day from Buckingham Palace to the House of Parliament is 140 years old. It was built for George III, when he was Prince of Wales, and it was not finished in time for his coronation. It has not been used since the death of the Prince Consort, nearly forty years ago. This coach weighs four tons. It is thirty-five feet long from the pole to the hind wheel. It is twelve feet three inches high and eight feet four inches broad.

The robes of Queen Alexandra were of material similar to that of the robes of the King, but the design was somewhat different. The King and the royal procession advanced to the House of Lords. As soon as he was entrained the Lord Great Chamberlain received the royal command to summon the members of the House of Commons to hear the speech from the Throne.

Black Rod (Gen. Sir Michael Biddulph) reached the House of Commons at 2.30 P. M., and the members, headed by the Speaker (Mr. William Court Gully), proceeded to the House of Lords. Joseph H. Chamberlain and the other Ambassadors occupied a special enclosure behind the bench of the Bishops.

WITNESS MINNOCK IS BADLY TANGLED.

Prosecution's Main Reliance in Bellevue Case Suffers on Cross-Examination.

The trial of Jesse R. Davis, former chief nurse in the Bellevue insane pavilion, for causing the death of Louis II. Hilliard, went on today.

The most important event of the day was the examination of Thomas J. Minnock, the star witness for the prosecution. On cross-examination he cut a sorry figure, being made to acknowledge that affidavits he had made were in part untrue. His credibility was badly shaken.

A New Witness.

Richard J. Donnelly, the nurse from whom Assistant District-Attorney Pierce hopes to obtain much damaging evidence, told of Hilliard's reception at the pavilion. Donnelly said that in the pavilion had had some difficulty in removing the restraining belt.

"Were there any marks on Hilliard?" Mr. Pierce asked Donnelly. "No, sir."

"There was some trouble at the supper table?" "I saw Hilliard get a slap on the head. It was Dean who hit him. Hilliard struck back at him and Dean and Marshall grabbed him and threw him to the floor. I grabbed his legs."

"Did you see any bruises on his body?" Mr. Pierce asked. "No, sir, not a bruise," replied Donnelly.

Donnelly refused to testify at the Coroner's inquest on the ground that it would tend to incriminate him.

"Was there anything giving him a sharp bath?" Mr. Pierce asked. "Not that I saw."

TWO BROKERS IN CURFEW LAW FOR NEW YORK.

Albany, Feb. 14.—"Curfew Must Not Ring To-night," may not be the dictum of city and village officials of the State if a bill introduced by Assemblyman Hatch today becomes a law.

Hatch's measure provides that the local authorities of all cities, towns and villages in New York State shall have the right to promulgate a curfew ordinance compelling children to be in doors after a certain hour. Mr. Hatch says that it shall be within the power of the authorities to cause a child to be taken to a safe place, or to bring to book children found upon the public thoroughfares.

KENNEDY DEFENSE SCORES ANOTHER POINT IN HANDWRITING TESTIMONY.

DR. KENNEDY'S FRIENDS IN COURT LISTENING TO THE CROSS-EXAMINATION OF A WITNESS BY LAWYER MOORE.



Dr. Kennedy's friends in court listening to the cross-examination of a witness by lawyer Moore. The illustration shows a group of people in a courtroom setting, with some individuals labeled as Dr. Kennedy's father and Mrs. Russell.

More Experts Excluded. Dr. William E. Hagan, another handwriting expert, was excluded. The court will not take up further time in calling experts.

CROWD CHEERS USED ELEVATOR TO BOY'S RESCUE.

Edgartown, Mass., Feb. 14.—Eight-year-old son of Henry R. Lane, of this town, who went out in a dory early yesterday afternoon to shoot sea-birds and got ice-bound, was rescued at 1 o'clock this morning after having been thoroughly chilled and frost-bitten during his imprisonment in the ice.

The rescue was effected by a crew who were taken around the North Beach by the steamer Monomansett. The father of Joseph Schriener, who was held by alevator in the factious apartment house at 190 West One Hundred and Sixth street, and an Evening World reporter today that he believed his son committed suicide. "My boy was in a great deal of trouble and I really believe he committed suicide," he was arranged before Magistrate Flammer in the Harlem Court yesterday and charged with annoying his wife, who is his stepmother. "I married her about four months ago. My boy could not get along with her. He had been out of work for a long time and I really succeeded in getting the position as elevator boy on the 7th of this month."

SAMPSON NOW RANKS SCHLEY.

Hobson on the List Advancing Sigsbee, Wainwright and Others.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate: Navy—Rear-Admirals to be advanced in rank from Feb. 11, 1901: William T. Sampson, five numbers, to take rank next after Rear-Admiral John A. Howell; Winfield Scott Schley, three numbers, to take rank next after Rear-Admiral Sampson when advanced.

Capt. "Bob" Evans was advanced five numbers and Capt. Sigsbee three, while Commander Richard Wainwright went up ten. Lieutenant-Commander Winslow got five numbers and Lieut. Victor Blue also five. Several other officers who distinguished themselves in the Cuban campaign were also advanced.

Naval Constructor Hobson was prominent among these, he being advanced ten numbers and made a captain.

With the appointments the President sent a special message to Congress urging that the same recognition that had been given Dewey and his officers and men for his services in Manila Bay should be given Sampson, commander of the North Atlantic fleet, and his men for services in and about Cuba.

COLD STOPS WATER SUPPLY.

Connecticut Streams Frozen and Famine Threatened.

PLAINFIELD, Conn., Feb. 14.—This is the coldest day of the winter here. The mercury has fallen to 16 below zero and ice on the Quinnipiac River is thirty inches thick, the heaviest ice ever known in the State, and many small streams are frozen to the bottom.

All rivers, reservoirs and mill ponds are giving out for the first time since the history of Connecticut. In several places a water famine is feared.

CAPT. SIGSBEE IN ODD TRIAL.

Tells of Maine's Part in East River Collision.

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Record Price Paid, but Official Refuse Name of Buyer.

A seat on the Stock Exchange is reported to have been sold for \$51,000 to some person whose name the officials of the Exchange have not yet divulged. This is the highest price on record, the nearest to it being \$29,500, which was paid last month.

IN THE AIR.

The Germs of La Grippe Are Conveyed Through the Atmosphere.

No one can escape the La Grippe germ, because when an epidemic of the disease is prevailing the air is laden with it. The reason every one does not have the disease at the same time is because the persons who are enjoying perfect health are able to successfully resist and throw off the infection, while those who for any reason are not in the best of health fall ready victims.

The first symptoms are those of acute catarrh, resembling a hard cold, and if prompt treatment is applied at this time it can be successfully resisted and thrown off the infection, while those who for any reason are not in the best of health fall ready victims.

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10-YEAR-OLD BOY SHOTS BROTHER.

While playing with a pistol Warren Burbank, twelve years old, of Castleton avenue, West New Brighton, S. I., was accidentally shot by his brother Edward, aged ten, last night. The bullet entered the boy's right breast. There is no hope for his recovery.

Two Were Playing with a Pistol Surreptitiously Obtained.

The Burbank family lives over a drug store at the address given. One of the clerks in the store who has to work late bought a revolver. The two lads had free access to the place, and when behind the counter last night picked up the pistol.

They took it upstairs, and while playing it was discharged.

Waldorf H. Phillips, a lawyer, of 182 East One Hundred and Sixty-sixth street, is on trial today before Judge Foster in Grand Sessions on a charge of Grand Larceny in the second degree. Dr. John D. Pearson, a resident of Westchester, who formerly lived at 166 East One Hundred and Sixty-sixth street, claims that he gave Phillips \$200 to pay a judgment rendered on a mechanic's lien on the doctor's residence in Westchester. He says Phillips went into the Sheriff's office with the money and came out with what purported to be a receipt on the Sheriff's official stationery. Three days later the house was advertised and sold to satisfy the judgment. Pearson owned him more than the amount in question for legal services and that it was well understood by the doctor that he had not misappropriated the money.

To Revise Tax Laws. ALBANY, Feb. 14.—Assemblyman Gardner, of Monroe, today introduced a bill providing that the Governor appoint four commissioners to prepare and submit on or before Feb. 1, 1902, a revision of the tax law and the laws relating to the assessment and collection of taxes.

Steps the Cough and Works on the Calf. Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

To Prevent the Grip. Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.